

IF JONES KNOWS TOM LYONS, HE DEMANDS MUTE QUESTIONS

Defendant in Murder Trial Not Put on Stand Before Defence Closes Case; State Begins Rebuttal; Presents Testimony Designed to Refute Mrs. J. D. Ernest's Statements, for Jones.

W. H. A. If anything, Felix R. Jones, on trial on a charge of murder in connection with the killing of Thomas Lyons here May 17, 1917, may know in any way relating to the said killing, remains a secret, for the defense closed its case in the 24th district court Tuesday morning without placing Jones himself on the witness stand.

The state began its rebuttal testimony at once introducing more evidence as to the condition of the automobile, which, according to the state's version of the facts in the case, was used by the slayer or slayers of Mr. Lyons; and presenting testimony evidently planned to refute that of Mrs. J. D. Ernest, witness for Jones, who had said that Jones and Clark were not at her rooming house at Colorado City at the same time last May.

Sheriff Seth B. Orndorff and other members of the arresting party that took Jones into custody and placed him in the first information that a hammer was given them by W. G. Clark at Aurora.

Two Witnesses, Absent, Fined.

A. Morrison, Jr., was the first witness called Tuesday morning, but deputies could not find him in the building at the time. Grover Green, G. H. & S. A. dispatcher, was then called, but he, too, was absent at the time. Judge Howe thereupon ordered the fine of \$25 docked against each of these witnesses and attachments to issue.

Mr. Morrison entered court a few minutes later and was placed on the stand by the defense and interrogated by Judge L. A. Dale. Witness said he is 35 years old and lives at Colorado City.

"Were you in Colorado City in May, 1917?"

"Yes."

"Did you see Felix Jones there?"

"Yes."

"When?"

"I don't know the date."

"Did you see Clark there that month?"

"Yes."

"Didn't see them together."

"Were Jones and Clark there together?"

"I never saw them together. I met Clark there after Jones was there in May."

"Did you have any conversation with Clark?"

"Yes."

"What was it?"

"Selling some mules. Coleman Smith introduced me to Clark, who said he was buying horses and told him what I told them. I told them my horses were being bred and not in good condition, and he said he couldn't afford to buy them."

On cross examination, witness said he has a ranch and was in Colorado some days and at the ranch other days.

Measures Depot Portico for Defence.

C. B. Burleigh, architect of El Paso, then took the stand. He said his firm has offices in Dallas also. Witness said he had taken measurements at the front portico of the union depot at request of defense counsel, presenting data thereon in court. He said he found the portico 20 feet and six inches wide, with a railing to feet wide and some steps each 12 inches wide in front, making the total distance from the door to the curb 22 feet and four inches. The witness gave further description of the architecture of the front of the depot, illustrating plates placed in full view of the jury.

Objection by state counsel to the plate being used in evidence was overruled by the court, defense counsel stating that the evidence was intended to relate to testimony given by a state witness relative to Mr. Lyons and John Wiley's coming out of the union depot the night of the alleged murder.

There was no cross-examination of this witness.

Brings Up Bag Question.

Tom Wiley, previously testified on behalf of the state, was then called by the defense.

"Have you refreshed your memory since you testified before us as to whether Millard Coggin called attention to a missing rug in the rooming house?"

"Yes, I called him on it."

Witness said he didn't understand the question exactly, and Judge Dale then read witness' previous testimony.

"The car was put on the washrack and Mr. Coggin had it come out and I went to look at the car. I said 'A rug is missing,' and he said, 'I know it.'"

Witness added he first heard Coggin say to another person in the garage, "Now watch him miss that rug."

Reminds Green's Fine.

Grover Green then arrived in court and took the stand. Judge Howe reminded the fine against Mr. Green, on the latter's custody of the car. He testified that the morning of May 26, a P. train No. 6 left El Paso at 6:00 a. m., local time, going to Sierra Blanca.

Thereupon, Judge Dale announced that defendant must be sworn in and the court ordered a short recess in order to allow the state to prepare rebuttal testimony.

When court resumed, the state offered in evidence four subpoenas, issued for various parts of the southern district of Texas, for the arrest of the defendant, and testified again as to the details of Jones' arrest. At the same time, witness said he secured information May 29, that Jones was at Beaumont.

Says Clark Tells of Hammer.

Witness also said that at the time the same date, Clark gave him information that a new shop hammer had been used in the killing of Mr. Lyons, and that this was the same information that witness had to this effect. Witness said he recovered this hammer.

"Had you any information that Tom Coggin had anything to do with the hammer?"

"At Abilene from Clark."

Witness said he had not received this information until May 30.

To Substantiate Testimony.

Her McGrath was then recalled. He said he accompanied Sheriff Orndorff's party to Abilene and to Beaumont. This witness substantiated the evidence given by Mr. Orndorff relative to information given by Clark relative to Coggin, Jones and the new shop hammer.

Also K. Blair, who was also in the arresting party, took the stand. He gave substantially the same testimony as the two last witnesses.

On cross-examination, witness said he was connected with the Chino Copper company.

Tells of New Car Carpet.

H. M. Hatcher, auto trimming supply man, with business place opposite the southern garage, testified he did some work by way of repairing a carpet on a Buick car for that garage during May, 1917. He remembered, after consulting his business records, that on May 19 a new carpet was put in the car.

Ernest's Ramble Testified he was employed by Mr. Hatcher and remembered working on the car in question.

"There were some spots of blood on the top of the old carpet," witness said.

"Did you see the old carpet was left and I took it out?"

"Did you tell me (Judge Dan M. Jackson) yesterday at the garage, that the car had a carpet cut out except around the screws and you had cut out the edges and put in a new carpet?"

"I don't remember."

Judge Jackson Testifies.

Judge Jackson himself then took the stand and was questioned by attorney Victor Moore, and said that the day before Ernest's ramble had told him that the rug was missing except around the screws, and that he found blood spots around and under the rug on the car and under the rug on the car.

On cross examination, Judge Jackson said no one was present except himself and the ramble boy at the time.

Mr. Hatcher was then recalled and said that he had no carpet in it when it was sent to his place.

T. R. Goodwin, of the Auditorium garage, was the next witness. He remembered, he said, that Millard Coggin returned a car to the garage May 12, that a rug was missing and the car went to Mr. Hatcher's place for the repairs.

Tells of Mrs. Ernest's Visit.

District Attorney Leigh Clark was then placed on the stand.

"You remember Mrs. J. D. Ernest?"

"Yes, sir, very well."

"Did you see her in your office during last September?"

"Yes."

"Did you have a talk with her?"

"We had a talk together. Mrs. Ernest, her sister, Dr. Cook and Mr. Elverson were there."

"Did she say she remembered Jones' visit and Clark's visit to her place at Colorado City last May?"

"Yes."

"Did she say then that Clark, Jones and Morrison were in the room together?"

"Yes."

"Did she say there was loud talking in the room?"

"Yes, and that she told her daughter she would go up and eavesdrop, to see if the men were drinking."

Cross examined, Mr. Clark said Mrs. Ernest was very positive in these statements.

Offers Substantiated District Attorney.

Assistant district attorney E. B. Elfers was then sworn in as witness, and substantiated what Mr. Clark had said on the stand.

"Did Mrs. Ernest make the statement that Clark, Jones and Morrison were in the room with Jones and Clark?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did she say she first thought they were drunk, and that she eavesdropped and came to the conclusion they were drinking about 100?"

"She did."

"Did she say she was uncertain and would have to talk the matter over with her daughter?"

"The only statement she made with reference to uncertainty was that she was not sure whether G. McMeans was there that night."

Hunt's Received Fred Records.

District clerk C. H. Hunt testified he has not received any records by mail or otherwise from A. Fred & Co., Fort Worth.

Mr. Fred had been a witness for Jones and testified that Jones had sworn some articles. He did not have the record book with him and was requested to send it to the court on a return.

Cross examined, Mr. Hunt said he received about 20 minutes before noon, and the state was expected to place only one more witness on the stand.

Herald Circulator Testifies.

H. H. Fritz, circulation manager of The Herald, was called to the witness stand by the defense when court assembled after the noon recess. He testified he had with him The Herald files of May, 1917. He said The Herald circulated between El Paso and Sierra Blanca about 1900. The Herald circulated along that route May 18 to 30, specifically, he said, witness said, "The Herald of any date would reach Colorado City the following morning about 7 o'clock."

Objects to Calling Coggin.

The defense then offered in evidence the motion of the district attorney dismissing the case as to Mr. Coggin, and the statement that he was to be called on the stand. The court overruled the objection, and the defense stated it wanted T. J. Coggin put on the stand. Judge A. J. Harper then appeared on behalf of Coggin and objected to Coggin being called, on the grounds that he had been indicted already, and that evidence he would give might be used against him.

Coggin was ordered called to the stand and thereupon made the same objections in person.

Judge Dale then announced that witness could be examined in the absence of the jury, by the defense.

Refuses to Answer.

"I exhibit to you that little book and ask you what it is," Judge A. J. Dale asked Mr. Coggin. Then Harper objected to the question being put, and Mr. Coggin refused to answer. The court then announced that I have been notified I would be reindicted and re-arrested.

Examining the first page of the 12th leaf of the book, and state if what's written on that page when the book was taken from you."

This was the next question and witness refused to answer also declining to reply to the following, the court sustaining him:

"I'll ask you if on May 15, 1917, you were at Turquoise, loading a shipment."

"Did you see Felix Jones at Turquoise May 15 or 19 at Turquoise, at Tucumcari, or between those places?"

The defense then ceased questioning Mr. Coggin, but announced that it would ask him questions if he would answer at any time he desired to be willing to answer.

Judge Howe then said he wanted to ask the witness a personal question, as to how or where he got notice he was to be re-arrested. Nothing like that has ever been intimated before the court," said Judge Howe.

Mr. Coggin said he would reply to the court in private. He did so.

Judge Dale then announced that he would like the jury to hear the questions propounded to the witness. The jury was then brought back and, over the objection of Coggin's attorney, the questions were asked.

Mr. Coggin refused to answer, and was rebuffed by stenographer F. X. Farmer.

Millard Coggin Called.

Millard Coggin was then called by the defense. The motion dismissing the prosecution as to this witness was offered in evidence before the first question was put.

"State your name."

"Millard Coggin."

"Where do you live?"

"Glen Rite, N. M."

"Are you the Millard Coggin named in this indictment?"

"Yes, sir."

"State whether about 10 o'clock the night of May 17, 1917, you were at the union depot in an automobile."

Judge Harper then, on behalf of witness, claimed the right of the witness to refrain from answering this question, being sustained by the court. Witness refused to answer the following:

"State whether or not you left El Paso the night of the 17th in an automobile going towards Turquoise."

"Did you see Felix Jones the night of May 17, 1917?"

"Did Felix R. Jones accompany you in a car to Turquoise?"

The defense then made the same

EL PASO BROTHERS, CATTLE- MEN, ON STAND IN MURDER CASE, SILENT.

El Paso Brothers, Cattle- men, on Stand in Murder Case, Silent.

had to cut out the edges and put in a new carpet."

"I don't remember."

Judge Jackson Testifies.

Judge Jackson himself then took the stand and was questioned by attorney Victor Moore, and said that the day before Ernest's ramble had told him that the rug was missing except around the screws, and that he found blood spots around and under the rug on the car and under the rug on the car.

On cross examination, Judge Jackson said no one was present except himself and the ramble boy at the time.

Mr. Hatcher was then recalled and said that he had no carpet in it when it was sent to his place.

T. R. Goodwin, of the Auditorium garage, was the next witness. He remembered, he said, that Millard Coggin returned a car to the garage May 12, that a rug was missing and the car went to Mr. Hatcher's place for the repairs.

Tells of Mrs. Ernest's Visit.

District Attorney Leigh Clark was then placed on the stand.

"You remember Mrs. J. D. Ernest?"

"Yes, sir, very well."

"Did you see her in your office during last September?"

"Yes."

"Did you have a talk with her?"

"We had a talk together. Mrs. Ernest, her sister, Dr. Cook and Mr. Elverson were there."

"Did she say she remembered Jones' visit and Clark's visit to her place at Colorado City last May?"

"Yes."

"Did she say then that Clark, Jones and Morrison were in the room together?"

"Yes."

"Did she say there was loud talking in the room?"

"Yes, and that she told her daughter she would go up and eavesdrop, to see if the men were drinking."

Cross examined, Mr. Clark said Mrs. Ernest was very positive in these statements.

Offers Substantiated District Attorney.

Assistant district attorney E. B. Elfers was then sworn in as witness, and substantiated what Mr. Clark had said on the stand.

"Did Mrs. Ernest make the statement that Clark, Jones and Morrison were in the room with Jones and Clark?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did she say she first thought they were drunk, and that she eavesdropped and came to the conclusion they were drinking about 100?"

"She did."

"Did she say she was uncertain and would have to talk the matter over with her daughter?"

"The only statement she made with reference to uncertainty was that she was not sure whether G. McMeans was there that night."

Hunt's Received Fred Records.

District clerk C. H. Hunt testified he has not received any records by mail or otherwise from A. Fred & Co., Fort Worth.

Mr. Fred had been a witness for Jones and testified that Jones had sworn some articles. He did not have the record book with him and was requested to send it to the court on a return.

Cross examined, Mr. Hunt said he received about 20 minutes before noon, and the state was expected to place only one more witness on the stand.

Herald Circulator Testifies.

H. H. Fritz, circulation manager of The Herald, was called to the witness stand by the defense when court assembled after the noon recess. He testified he had with him The Herald files of May, 1917. He said The Herald circulated between El Paso and Sierra Blanca about 1900. The Herald circulated along that route May 18 to 30, specifically, he said, witness said, "The Herald of any date would reach Colorado City the following morning about 7 o'clock."

Objects to Calling Coggin.

The defense then offered in evidence the motion of the district attorney dismissing the case as to Mr. Coggin, and the statement that he was to be called on the stand. The court overruled the objection, and the defense stated it wanted T. J. Coggin put on the stand. Judge A. J. Harper then appeared on behalf of Coggin and objected to Coggin being called, on the grounds that he had been indicted already, and that evidence he would give might be used against him.

Coggin was ordered called to the stand and thereupon made the same objections in person.

Judge Dale then announced that witness could be examined in the absence of the jury, by the defense.

Refuses to Answer.

"I exhibit to you that little book and ask you what it is," Judge A. J. Dale asked Mr. Coggin. Then Harper objected to the question being put, and Mr. Coggin refused to answer. The court then announced that I have been notified I would be reindicted and re-arrested.

Examining the first page of the 12th leaf of the book, and state if what's written on that page when the book was taken from you."

This was the next question and witness refused to answer also declining to reply to the following, the court sustaining him:

"I'll ask you if on May 15, 1917, you were at Turquoise, loading a shipment."

"Did you see Felix Jones at Turquoise May 15 or 19 at Turquoise, at Tucumcari, or between those places?"

The defense then ceased questioning Mr. Coggin, but announced that it would ask him questions if he would answer at any time he desired to be willing to answer.

Judge Howe then said he wanted to ask the witness a personal question, as to how or where he got notice he was to be re-arrested. Nothing like that has ever been intimated before the court," said Judge Howe.

Mr. Coggin said he would reply to the court in private. He did so.

Judge Dale then announced that he would like the jury to hear the questions propounded to the witness. The jury was then brought back and, over the objection of Coggin's attorney, the questions were asked.

Mr. Coggin refused to answer, and was rebuffed by stenographer F. X. Farmer.

Millard Coggin Called.

Millard Coggin was then called by the defense. The motion dismissing the prosecution as to this witness was offered in evidence before the first question was put.

"State your name."

"Millard Coggin."

"Where do you live?"

"Glen Rite, N. M."

"Are you the Millard Coggin named in this indictment?"

"Yes, sir."

"State whether about 10 o'clock the night of May 17, 1917, you were at the union depot in an automobile."

Judge Harper then, on behalf of witness, claimed the right of the witness to refrain from answering this question, being sustained by the court. Witness refused to answer the following:

"State whether or not you left El Paso the night of the 17th in an automobile going towards Turquoise."

"Did you see Felix Jones the night of May 17, 1917?"

"Did Felix R. Jones accompany you in a car to Turquoise?"

The defense then made the same

SUES SHERIFF And Attorneys For \$100,000

Morrison Asks Damages For Arrest; Is Jones Trial Witness.

Suit for \$100,000 damages was filed in the 45th district court late yesterday afternoon by Tom Morrison, against sheriff Seth B. Orndorff, attorneys Dan M. Jackson and Victor Moore, of counsel for the state in the Felix R. Jones murder trial; deputy sheriff Ivy Finley, and county attorney W. H. Fryer, making allegations in connection with the filling of a conspiracy to murder charge against Morrison in justice J. M. Deaver's court, and developments connected therewith.

It is alleged in the petition, prepared by judge A. J. Harper, that Morrison, who is a man 55 years of age and was never in jail before, was arrested and placed in jail on a warrant based on complaint filed before justice Deaver and charging that Morrison "did conspire with one Lambeth" to murder W. G. Clark, the last named at the time being in the custody of Colorado city officers, and being brought to Paducah, Tex., on a complaint alleging a murder 15 years ago.

Morrison further alleges in his damage suit that the defendants "did conspire to file the complaint against him out of pure malice and spite, and this allegation on another—that one Lambeth" was named in the complaint as having conspired with Morrison had the alleged conspiracy, but that no charge was made against him.

Morrison relative to further questioning as was made in the case of T. J. Coggin.

Pocket entries relating to the dismissal of the Coggin cases were then introduced in evidence.

Reads Affidavit on Lyons.

L. T. Dashiell, of Silver City, and of counsel for Jones, took the stand and when The El Paso Herald of May 18, 1917, was offered in evidence, he read the article containing the description of the finding of Thomas Lyons' body in a ravine here, and the inclusion of the name of the witness said, and Fort Worth is 230 miles from Colorado City, El Paso is 235 miles from Colorado City, and if one were in Tucumcari May 19 at 4 p. m., what is the earliest time he could have reached Silver City?

"About 6 o'clock the next morning."

"Did your train from Tucumcari May 20 arrive on time?"

"It arrived about that morning."

"The Texas & Pacific left at 6:30 o'clock in the morning, did it not?"

"Leaving then at 4:30, when would the T. & P. train arrive at Colorado City?"

"About 5:30 p. m."

"When would it arrive at Fort Worth?"

"About 7:30 a. m. the 21st."

"Returning from Fort Worth to Colorado City through train left that came to El Paso?"

"One leaving at 1:15 p. m., and arriving at Colorado City at 10 minutes after midnight."

Naval Airman and His
Bride Volplane to the
Church and Are Wed

New York, Feb. 13.—A wedding trip in an airplane from New York to Los Angeles was made today by a naval aviator and his bride. The couple left New York in a biplane and landed at Los Angeles after a flight of 1,000 miles. The ceremony was performed by a local minister.

Sheep Killing Eagle
Caught in Trap Near
Del Rio by Ranchman

Del Rio, Texas, Feb. 13.—A big eagle, spotted while it was killing a grown sheep on Bob Myers' ranch, has been caught by Myers after he had been watching for the eagle for some time. Myers said a trap for the eagle and finally caught it. The eagle is the second big eagle killed on the Myers ranch. The eagles have been killing young sheep on the ranch since the first one was the first to kill a full grown sheep.

ARREST 3 AT MARICOPA
FOLLOWING BANK HOLDUP

Phoenix, Ariz., Feb. 13.—Arthur Clark, Carl Brown and Charles Brown, have been arrested at Maricopa, charged with the attempted robbery of the Buckeye bank. The holdup was the third the same bank has known. In the first the bank was robbed and the culprits escaped into Mexico. In the second the robbers, all Mexicans, were caught and are now in the penitentiary.

ADOLESCENT SPEAKERS NAMED.

J. N. Kirtland, Samuel L. Gray, north 4th street, lot 3, and lot 24, block 24, Taft, January 1917, were named in the indictment. The indictment was returned by the grand jury at the El Paso County court.

REVISES TRADING LIST.

According to the Official Bulletin of the war department, the following names have been removed from the enemy trading list: Emilio L. Martinez, Lohes, Federico Leta, Mexico City, and H. J. Wood, Nogales, Son.

ECZEMA'S ONLY
SKIN DEEP

The old fallacy that Eczema is a disease of the blood which can be treated by an internal medicine has been exploded by the Eczema Clinic, proprietors of CRANOLENE, 143 Mills Bldg., Chicago. The clinic has found that Eczema is a skin disease and that the only way to cure it is by the use of CRANOLENE. This medicine will give instant relief in most severe cases. So confident are its owners of what CRANOLENE will do that they offer to send a free trial treatment to any one who writes them. CRANOLENE is now sold at all first class drug stores upon a positive guarantee of satisfaction or money refunded.

Ask your druggist about CRANOLENE today.—Adv.

EL PASO BROTHERS, CATTLE- MEN, ON STAND IN MURDER CASE, SILENT.

El Paso Brothers, Cattle- men, on Stand in Murder Case, Silent.

had to cut out the edges and put in a new carpet."

"I don't remember."

Judge Jackson Testifies.

Judge Jackson himself then took the stand and was questioned by attorney Victor Moore, and said that the day before Ernest's ramble had told him that the rug was missing except around the screws, and that he found blood spots around and under the rug on the car and under the rug on the car.

On cross examination, Judge Jackson said no one was present except himself and the ramble boy at the time.

Mr. Hatcher was then recalled and said that he had no carpet in it when it was sent to his place.

T. R. Goodwin, of the Auditorium garage, was the next witness. He remembered, he said, that Millard Coggin returned a car to the garage May 12, that a rug was missing and the car went to Mr. Hatcher's place for the repairs.

Tells of Mrs. Ernest's Visit.

District Attorney Leigh Clark was then placed on the stand.

"You remember Mrs. J. D. Ernest?"

"Yes, sir, very well."

"Did you see her in your office during last September?"

"Yes."

"Did you have a talk with her?"

"We had a talk together. Mrs. Ernest, her sister, Dr. Cook and Mr. Elverson were there."

"Did she say she remembered Jones' visit and Clark's visit to her place at Colorado City last May?"

"Yes."

"Did she say then that Clark, Jones and Morrison were in the room together?"

"Yes."

"Did she say there was loud talking in the room?"

"Yes, and that she told her daughter she would go up and eavesdrop, to see if the men were drinking."

Cross examined, Mr. Clark said Mrs. Ernest was very positive in these statements.

Offers Substantiated District Attorney.

Assistant district attorney E. B. Elfers was then sworn in as witness, and substantiated what Mr. Clark had said on the stand.

"Did Mrs. Ernest make the statement that Clark, Jones and Morrison were in the room with Jones and Clark?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did she say she first thought they were drunk, and that she eavesdropped and came to the conclusion they were drinking about 100?"

"She did."

"Did she say she was uncertain and would have to talk the matter over with her daughter?"

"The only statement she made with reference to uncertainty was that she was not sure whether G. McMeans was there that night."

Hunt's Received Fred Records.

District clerk C. H. Hunt testified he has not received any records by mail or otherwise from A. Fred & Co., Fort Worth.

Mr. Fred had been a witness for Jones and testified that Jones had sworn some articles. He did not have the record book with him and was requested to send it to the court on a return.

Cross examined, Mr. Hunt said he received about 20 minutes before noon, and the state was expected to place only one more witness on the stand.

Herald Circulator Testifies.

H. H. Fritz, circulation manager of The Herald, was called to the witness stand by the defense when court assembled after the noon recess. He testified he had with him The Herald files of May, 1917. He said The Herald circulated between El Paso and Sierra Blanca about 1900. The Herald circulated along that route May 18 to 30, specifically, he said, witness said, "The Herald of any date would reach Colorado City the following morning about 7 o'clock."

Objects to Calling Coggin.

The defense then offered in evidence the motion of the district attorney dismissing the case as to Mr. Coggin, and the statement that he was to be called on the stand. The court overruled the objection, and the defense stated it wanted T. J. Coggin put on the stand. Judge A. J. Harper then appeared on behalf of Coggin and objected to Coggin being called, on the grounds that he had been indicted already, and that evidence he would give might be used against him.

Coggin was ordered called to the stand and thereupon made the same objections in person.

Judge Dale then announced that witness could be examined in the absence of the jury, by the defense.

Refuses to Answer.

"I exhibit to you that little book and ask you what it is," Judge A. J. Dale asked Mr. Coggin. Then Harper objected to the question being put, and Mr. Coggin refused to answer. The court then announced that I have been notified I would be reindicted and re-arrested.

Examining the first page of the 12th leaf of the book, and state if what's written on that page when the book was taken from you."

This was the next question and witness refused to answer also declining to reply to the following, the court sustaining him:

"I'll ask you if on May 15, 1917, you were at Turquoise, loading a shipment."

"Did you see Felix Jones at Turquoise May 15 or 19 at Turquoise, at Tucumcari, or between those places?"

The defense then ceased questioning Mr. Coggin, but announced that it would ask him questions if he would answer at any time he desired to be willing to answer.

Judge Howe then said he wanted to ask the witness a personal question, as to how or where he got notice he was to be re-arrested. Nothing like that has ever been intimated before the court," said Judge Howe.

Mr. Coggin said he would reply to the court in private. He did so.

Judge Dale then announced that he would like the jury to hear the questions propounded to the witness. The jury was then brought back and, over the objection of Coggin's attorney, the questions were asked.

Mr. Coggin refused to answer, and was rebuffed by stenographer F. X. Farmer.

Millard Coggin Called.

Millard Coggin was then called by the defense. The motion dismissing the prosecution as to this witness was offered in evidence before the first question was put.

"State your name."

"Millard Coggin."

"Where do you live?"

"Glen Rite, N. M."

"Are you the Millard Coggin named in this indictment?"

"Yes, sir."

"State whether about 10 o'clock the night of May 17, 1917, you were at the union depot in an automobile."

Judge Harper then, on behalf of witness, claimed the right of the witness to refrain from answering this question, being sustained by the court. Witness refused to answer the following:

"State whether or not you left El Paso the night of the 17th in an automobile going towards Turquoise."

"Did you see Felix Jones the night of May 17, 1917?"

"Did Felix R. Jones accompany you in a car to Turquoise?"

The defense then made the same

MEN'S NEW SPRING SUITS AT REDUCED PRICES

Some will say that's a queer way to open a season. But we're determined to have our full share of the spring suit business and we are anxious for an early opportunity to demonstrate the suit values obtaining throughout this entire department. We say without the least hesitancy—we've by far the best suit offer in all El Paso. These suits are more than ordinary values—they are real bargains—genuine bargains.

\$20.00 to \$22.50 Suits,
\$14.95
\$18.00 and \$20.00 Suits,
\$12.50

It's extremely difficult to "describe values" in a newspaper advertisement but it's a simple matter to point out to you the merits of these suits when you come and make a personal inspection. We'll take pleasure in showing you these suits tomorrow and explaining to you how we came by them at such a remarkably low price.

If you can use an overcoat or care to invest in one for next season (which would be a splendid thing to do) you may take your pick and choose of what suits remain at just exactly what we gave for them nearly one year ago. The manufacturers' price for such suits as these is much higher now.



The El Paso Store
D. T. DEWELL CO. 306-08-10 OVERLAND ST.
—El Paso Texas—

Labor Ticket Latest 'Dope' In Politics

Union Men Decide To Put Out Candidates For County Offices.

Political storm clouds in El Paso county are growing blacker daily. Several months ago, there was almost a certainty that the Sweeney and Orndorff factions would unite in the support of one ticket, for sake of avoiding political strife in these straining times when, the power in local politics said, all differences in local politics like El Paso should be patched up, in order that everyone could give all his efforts towards winning the war.

But suddenly, out of the clear sky, the thunderbolt that rent these factions, came shooting down, and when the Orndorff faction announced it decided to run a ticket for the county offices, the Sweeney faction, which had been in the county for election, the cry of "boss ticket" came out from Sweeney corners, and they announced they would put out an opposition ticket, which is now in process of formation.

And Monday night at a meeting of the Central Labor congress it was decided that "the best interests of El Paso county demand" that a third, to be known as the Laborer's Union ticket, should enter the field.

Waiter Highsmith, president, presided over the meeting, which was of the last voice that the ticket should be put out. The matter was referred to the executive committee, to report at a smoker-rally to be held the first Thursday in May. Meanwhile the committee will decide on the best material. It was said for a ticket that will receive the united support of laboring men of El Paso.

To Prevent Grip

Fortify the System Against Winter Cold
The strong withstand the Winter Cold Better than the Weak. If your Blood is not in a healthy condition and does not circulate properly, your system will not be able to withstand the Winter Cold. Old people who are feeble and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the cold weather by taking regularly

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

Contains the well-known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system, thus fortifying the system against colds and grip. Price 60c.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

CONSTIPATION

IS HUMANITY'S GREATEST FOE
It is always a terror to old people and a menace at some time or another to every human being, young or old. It is the forerunner of more ill and suffering than almost any of NATURE'S DANGER SIGNALS and should never be allowed to go unheeded. At the very first indication of constipation get DR. TUL'S LIVER PILLS which for 72 years has been successfully used for this most prevalent of all disorders. For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Dr. Tul's Liver Pills

CARNIVAL FOR THE RESCUE HOME BENEFIT OPENS SOON

Next Saturday, the Parker show, after spending a couple of months in El Paso preparing for their summer tour, will open for business at the corner of West Overland and Durango streets for a week's run for the benefit of the Rescue Home. The number of shows have been augmented and the ticket prices have been seen here during Christmas week have been repaid and renewed. On the last night of the show, this time it is hoped to net as much as more, and if it is needed, as there are still several hundred dollars due on the recently completed addition to the house.

STRIKING SHIP CARPENTERS ARE ALL GOING TO WORK

Washington, D. C., Feb. 13.—With striking carpenters in all affected districts returning to work today and Western L. B. Hutchinson, president of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, due here to take up the situation, talking tank steamers of the Gulf Refining company for overseas traffic has cut off its supply of fuel oil.

MOVED
to 108 E. San Antonio St.
STAR DRUG CO.—Adv.

LOUIS HESS IS ADJUTANT OF HOME DEFENCE LEAGUE

Louis Hess has been appointed by the board of directors for the Home Defence League as secretary-adjutant to relieve Jack Randall, who resigned. Mr. Hess will have his downtown office at the information desk in the First National bank, he said Monday afternoon.

Col. R. B. Orndorff said that Mr. Hess, who has been a member of the league some time, has volunteered to take the secretaryship without salary.

5